Collaboration model for participation in European initiatives within the framework of the Twin Transition

Mobility, energy, and resource management in smart cities.



Rubén García Pajares, Smart Cities Director, CARTIF rubgar@cartif.es | @RbnGarciaP























Madrid City challenges



- ▶ Big Cities are complex but offer a vast range of solutions to face multiple challenges, from mobility to energy efficiency.
- Madrid is always open for public-private collaboration.
- ▶ CARTIF and the Digital Office of Madrid are collaborating to foster innovation in different areas (mobility, energy, and infrastructure management) but always via digitalization.
- As part of the cities mission: improve the quality of life in Madrid through cutting-edge technology, innovation in government









1. Strategic **Framework**



2. Technology Strategy



3. Operative **Framework**



4. Main Current **Activities**



Capital Digital

ESTRATEGIA DE INTELIGENCIA ARTIFICIAL



∽









Public-private collaboration

▶ UPM

(C) (SE

IoTLAB







Digital Transformation office:

5G Technical office





Intelligent Urban Spaces (Espacios Urbanos Inteligentes)



5G Corridors



Demonstrative projects



5G Agenda Update











Govtech



Data Strategy

ESTRATEGIA DEL DATO

Sustainability







SMARTCITY

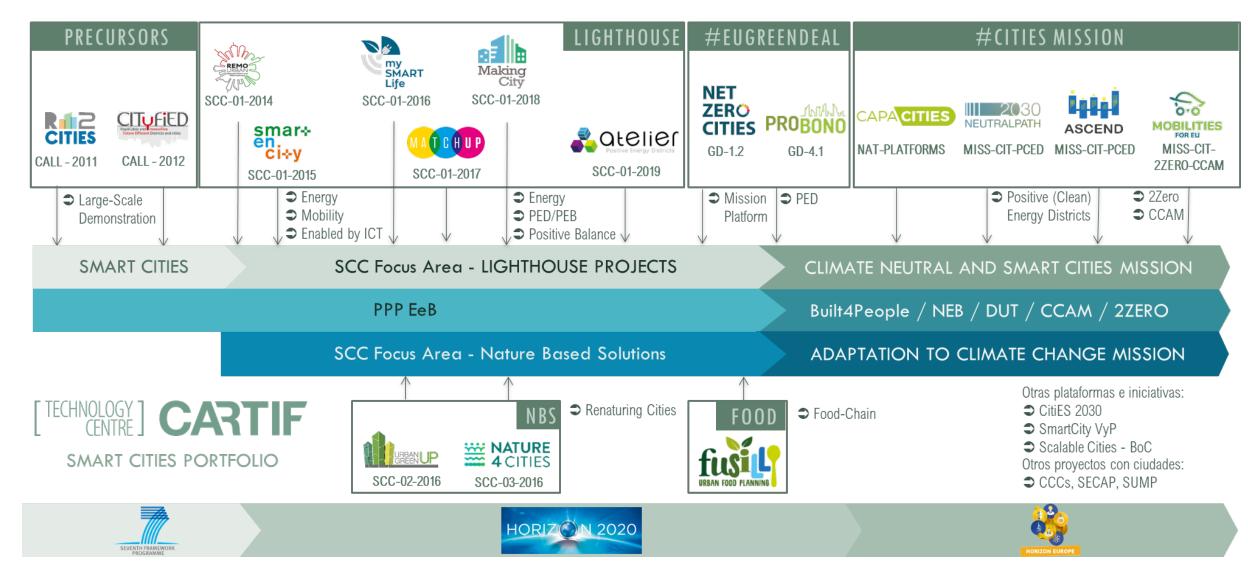








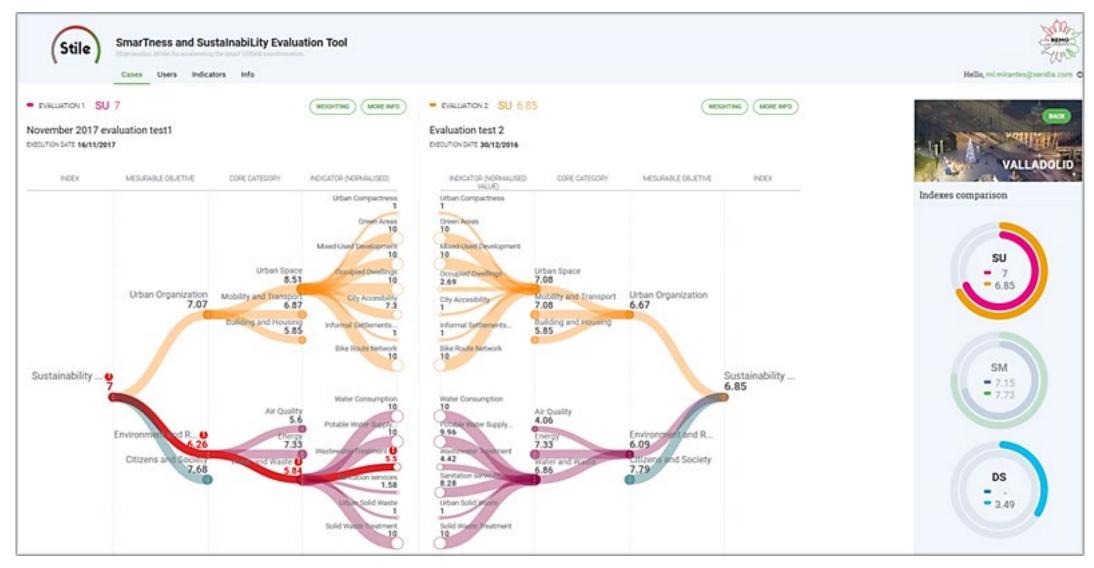
















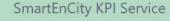












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Energy

Comfort

Mobility

ICT

Social & Citizen

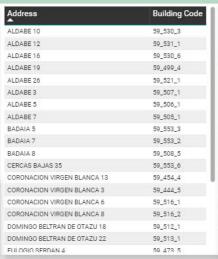
Environmental

€ Economic

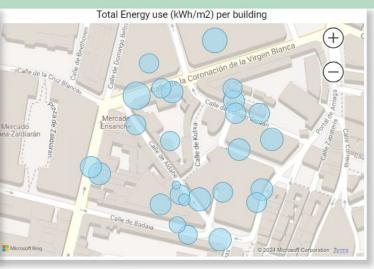


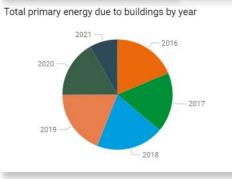
Total Primary Energy (kWh/m2·yr)

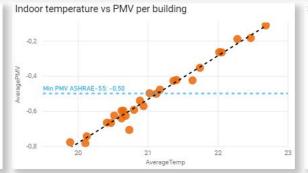
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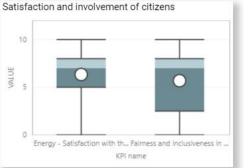












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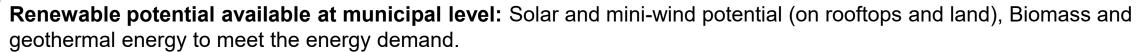












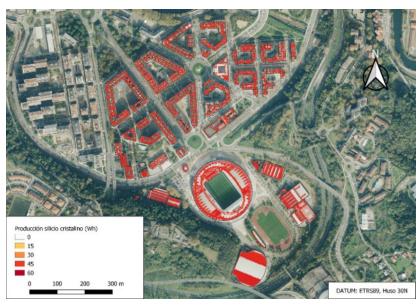
Balance production vs. demand (territorial and building level), considering electrical and thermal demand of buildings.

Characteristics (solar potential):

- Python library for photovoltaic production
- Detailed calculation of photovoltaic solar production:
- Spatial resolution of 1 meter.
- Hourly production data.
- Hourly calculation of shadow effects.
- ▶ Panels are integrated in the same plane as the roof.
- The calculation considers the area required for panel access and losses (due to aspect and slope).
- ▶ Two different technologies: crystalline silicon and amorphous silicon.
- The library is configured (command-line interface) to select a building or a group of buildings (municipality, district).

Results (solar potential):

- ► Hourly photovoltaic solar production (8760 raster maps),
- Solar radiation (8760 raster maps),
- Hourly photovoltaic solar production of each building considering the available roof space (CSV file).



Photovoltaic potential of the rooftops in the study area, considering the panel's location on the roof plane for May 1st at 12:00 PM with crystalline silicon technology.

Note: Each pixel in the image represents 1 m², so the potential is in Wh/m².

1. Data from public databases

MODULE 1- INFORMATION INPUT



2. Solar production algorithm

MODULE 2- CALCULATION ENGINE



3. GIS Maps (radiation + production) + csv file

MODULE 3- VISUAL OUTPUT + DATA

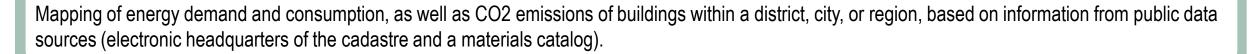




Process

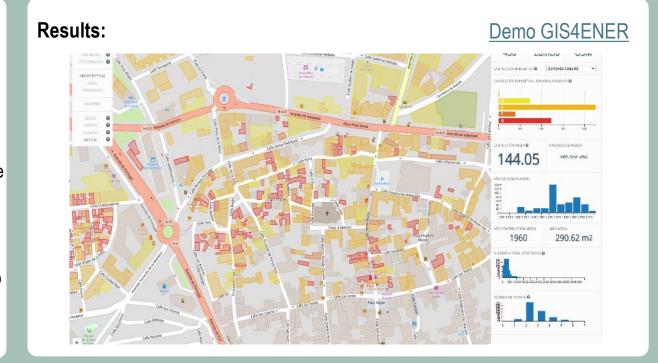






Characteristics:

- Multiple calculation approaches:
 - ▶ Demand calculation >> large-scale **automation of the CE3X tool** (neighborhood or city level).
- ▶ Demand, consumption, and CO2 emissions >> typologies automatically generated with actual Energy Efficiency Performace Certificates (EPC).
- ▶ Demand, consumption, and CO2 emissions >> calculations based on the Energy Performance of Buildings Directive (EPBD).
- ▶ Georeferencing of information and data aggregated by blocks and districts.
- ▶ Process automation, reducing time needed to obtain results compared to conventional methods.
- ▶ Results can be viewed from any browser and open-source GIS software.



1. Data from public databases

MODULE 1- INFORMATION INPUT



2. Energy Performance Certificates

MODULE 2- CALCULATION ENGINE



3. Sistemas de información geográfica

MODULE 3- VISUAL OUTPUT









Web tool to guide cities during the pre-design process of a Positive Energy District (PED). The tool qualitatively assists urban planners / designers in the decision making process, suggesting technical and non-technical solutions for the city.

https://tools.cartif.es/ped-tool/

Main Features (key points):

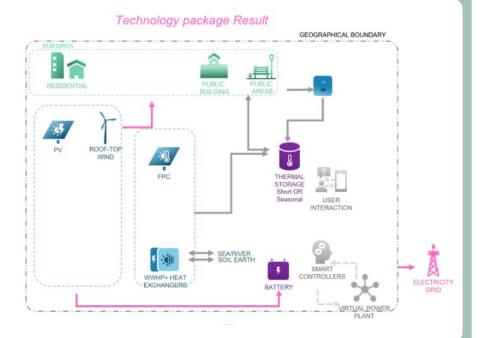
- ▶ 8 categories of questions to assess the district's viability
 - ▶ Level of ambition and boundaries of the district
 - ▶ Energy needs to be met
 - ▶ Available resources (for on-site generation)
 - Urban form (area of regeneration, protected, etc.)
 - ▶ Types of buildings (use) in the district.
 - ▶ Energy infrastructure (existing and desirable)
 - ▶ Energy services (existing and desirable)
 - Social structure

MODULE 1- INPUT DATA

- ▶ 3 functionalities: Create a PED scenario + Edit a PED
- scenario + ____polore the PED technologies catalogue

Results:

- ▶ PED layout
- Recommendations for technical solutions with different energy vectors and their energy exchange with external networks and the mobility sector, tailored to the specific city needs.



1. Questionnaire (save + edit available)

2. Internal logic

MODULE 2- DSS MODULE



3. PED layout (to be exported as .pdf)

MODULE 3- VISUAL LAYOUT OUTPUT









Tool to guide users in the preliminary design of a low-temperature urban district heating network, based on the assessment of existing urban energy generation sources and potential heat recovery sources.

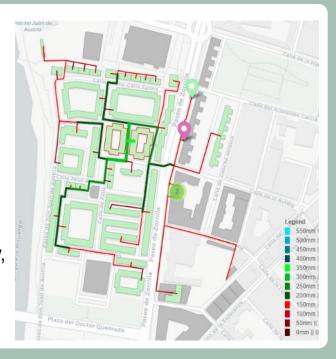
REWARDHEAT Tool

Main Features:

- ➤ The tool provides an easy-to-use interface for designing District Heating Networks (DHN) under a client-server architecture.
- ► Allows testing different network configurations: conventional, 4th generation, 5th generation
- Uses open databases for inputs such as:
 - ► Climate data: Solar radiation and temperature → PVGIS and Copernicus C3S
 - ▶ Building height: Envelope area → Analysis using Copernicus
 Urban Atlas → Height = f (Area)
 - OpenStreetMaps for street layout and building identification

Results

- ► Calculation of building energy demand (based on EPBD)
- Optimized design of the heating network (optimal routing)
- ▶ Network sizing (calculation of flow at each node)
- ➤ Scenario comparison with respect to the baseline (KPIs: Final energy, primary energy, CO2, OPEX)
- ▶ Option comparison (KPIs: Thermal losses, pressure losses, CAPEX)



Buildings & Facilities

MODULE 1- Baseline calculation

Buildings, Energy sources, Streets

MODULE 2- Scenario builder



DHN Type & Substation Parameters

MODULE 3- Options evaluation

















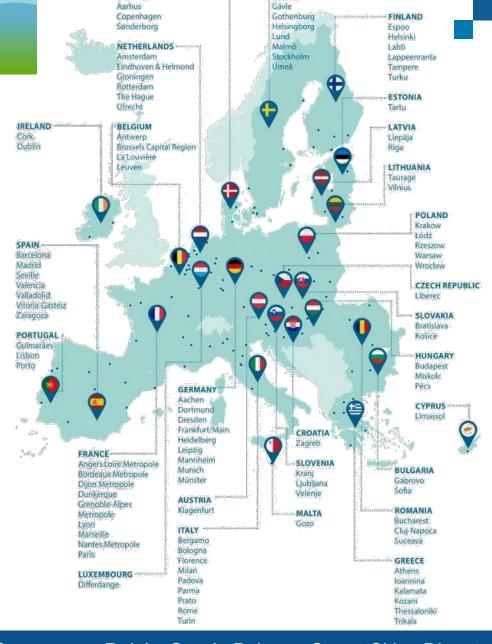


EU Missions are "away to bring concrete solutions to some of our greatest challenges"

- ▶ The cities mission "involve local authorities, citizens, businesses, investors as well as regional and national authorities to Deliver 100 climate-neutral and smart cities by 2030 and to ensure that these act as experimentation and innovation hubs for the others to come"
 - Leading digital and climate innovation
 - Showcase solutions for other cities to follow
- Madrid is among the 53 European cities (7 in Spain) that received the "EU MISSION LABEL" through the 'Climate City Contracts.'













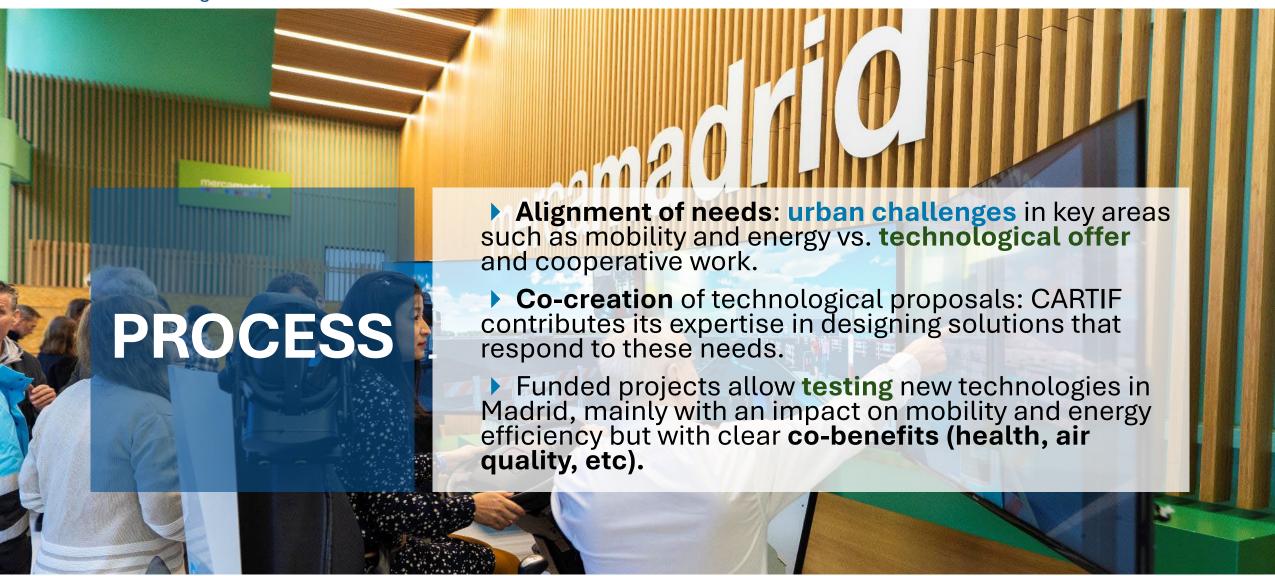
European Projects as Innovation Drivers

- ▶ The opportunities that EU funding offers for financing innovative projects in smart cities.
- ▶ EU Cities mission: Identifying opportunities in areas such as digitalization in mobility and energy, with projects funded by Horizon Europe and other European programs.
- Example: MOBILITIES FOR EU

























...wants to demonstrate that innovative passenger mobility and freight transport concepts designed and implemented following participative and user-center principles. These cost-effective and feasible solutions contribute significantly to the cities' transformation towards climate-neutrality, allowing to speed up the process even to reach SCOPE 2 emissions reduction in 2030.





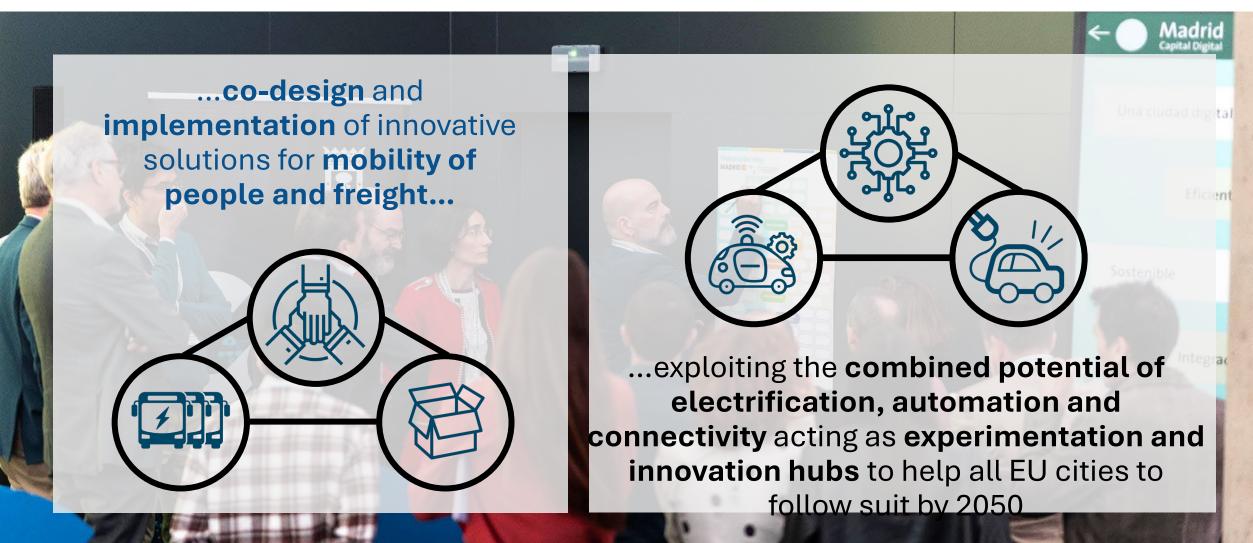
































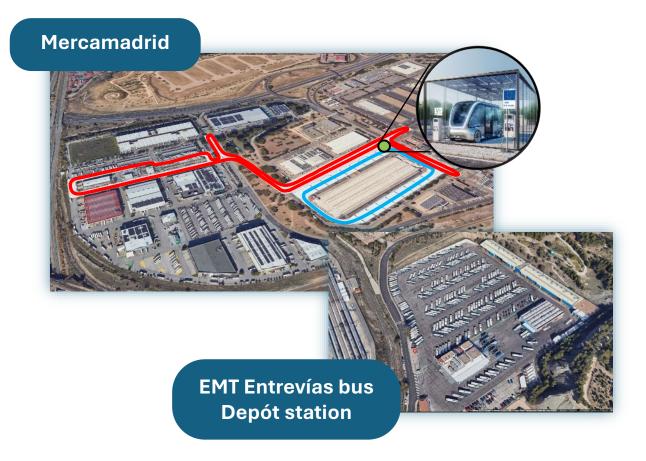






















- 1 autonomous e-vehicle for last mile goods transport
- 1 autonomous e-vehicle, 20 trolleys for automation of 12 waste collection points
- 1 mid-size autonomous e-bus for mobility of people



- 2 charging robots for dynamic charging tasks with 25kWh batteries
- 2 Autonomous small-scale freight transport vehicles for service carts in sports sites
- 2 analysis of routes to tender autonomous mobility in Dresden Fair and TV tower

4 AUTONOMOUS
VEHICLES for
FREIGHT TRANSPORT

2 AUTONOMOUS
VEHICLES for
PEOPLE TRANSPORT







IMADRID

- RES-based Smart Grid for Transportation
- Development of 7 fast V2G chargers
- Flexibility and Digital Twin management
- Al for digital/green connected charging infrastructure
- 10 H2 fuel cell buses for mobility of people
- 329 e-buses for mobility of people
- H2 refuelling station
- Electrification of bus depot (412 buses)



- 20 pantographs for e-buses
- 6 smart energy tower/charging stations for small-scale transport vehicles (service cart)
- Power-grid flexibility: demandoriented transport and e-charging solution
- 3 VW electric vehicle models to test charging robots in real operation conditions
- 20 e-buses
- 1 tuneable e-car for mobility of people with bi-directional charging

7 Innovative CHARGING INFRASTRUCTURE and RES

7 CLEAN and GREEN FUEL









 Green energy data space in mobility for the decarbonization of cities

Development of 5G Stand Alone private Network



- processing system
- Platform for systems servicing people and freight-based systems with AI
- Mobility Data Space: sovereign mobility data ecosystem for automated driving
- Stand alone and non-stand alone communication network. Slicing and preparation for 6G
- Infrastructure assistance and automated driving via Control Center
 V2X Communication for autonomous driving.

4 Innovative SERVICES

3 INFRASTRUCTURE CONNECTIVITY for CCAM













THANK YOU!

Mobility, energy, and resource management in smart cities.



Rubén García Pajares, Smart Cities Director, CARTIF rubgar@cartif.es | @RbnGarciaP







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